

Fig. 7. Map showing location of stratigraphic columns within NZMS 260 Sheet V20.

Stratigraphic Column No: **91** Grid Reference: Top Bottom
 GPS Waypoint No(s): Wp 956 E: 2812814 -
 Region: Hawkston N: 6199510 -
 Location: Hawkston Lake, Hawkston Station Altitude: 333 m -
 NZMS 260 Sheet: V20 Esk Page 1 of 1 Author: K. Bland 1 of 2

Age	Strat. Unit	Scale (metres)	Lithology	Sampling interval	Facies	WP No.	Samples	Contacts	Description																				
										Int.	N.Z.																		
Pliocene	Mangapanian																												
	Mangaheia Group																												
	Te Waka Formation																												
		10																											
		9																											
		8																											
		7																											
		6																											
		5			BC ₆				Massive to weakly laminated, moderately to well cemented shellhash pebbly limestone with abundant whole shells. Barnacle plates are fragmented and abundant. Pebbles are of granule to fine pebble size, greywacke composition and well rounded, lensoidal to spheroidal shapes. Common <i>Crassostrea ingens</i> , <i>Phialopecten triphooki</i> and <i>Patro undatus</i> are present throughout the unit.																				
		4							Barnacles commonly attached to shells, and more rarely pebbles.																				
		3				WP 956																							
		2																											
		1							Stacked 2-5 cm thick pebbly shellhash bodies arranged in cross-stratified to laminated patterns. Some broad, low-angle trough cross-bedding is evident. Contains common <i>Phialopecten thomsoni</i> .																				
			<table border="1"> <tr> <td>mud</td> <td>fine silt</td> <td>med. sand</td> <td>coarse sand</td> <td>gravel</td> </tr> <tr> <td></td> <td>fine med.</td> <td>fine med.</td> <td>coarse granu.</td> <td>pebb.</td> </tr> <tr> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>cobb.</td> </tr> <tr> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>bould.</td> </tr> </table>	mud	fine silt	med. sand	coarse sand	gravel		fine med.	fine med.	coarse granu.	pebb.					cobb.					bould.						
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	fine med.	fine med.	coarse granu.	pebb.																									
				cobb.																									
				bould.																									



Stratigraphic Column No: 92	Grid Reference: Top	Bottom	NZMS 260 V20 92 1 of 2
GPS Waypoint No(s): Wp 159-162	E: 2815291	2815135	
Region: Hawkeston	N: 6197221	6197454	
Location: Road cuttings up Price Cockburn Road at "The Incline"	Altitude: 394 m	385 m	
NZMS 260 Sheet: V20 Esk	Page 1 of 2	Author: K. Bland	

Age	Strat. Unit	Scale (metres)	Lithology	Sampling interval	Facies	WP No.	Samples	Contacts	Description
Late Pliocene	Mangapanian								
	Mangahaia Group								Well sorted, cross-bedded fine sandstone. This unit is bioturbated and burrowed. Burrows are infilled by finer-grained sediment. Mudstone stringers are present capping some of the foresets.
	Te Waka Formation								Intensely bioturbated, clean, well sorted fine to medium sandstone. Burrows are filled by finer-grained siltstone.
									Clean, well sorted, non cemented fine to medium sandstone with occasional thin mudstone stringers.

Stratigraphic Column No: 92	Grid Reference: Top	Bottom	NZMS 260 V20 92 2 of 2
GPS Waypoint No(s): Wp 159-162	E: 2815291	2815135	
Region: Hawkeston	N: 6197221	6197454	
Location: Road cuttings up Price Cockburn road at "The Incline"	Altitude: 394 m	385 m	
NZMS 260 Sheet: V20 Esk	<i>Page 2 of 2</i>		Author: K. Bland

Age	Strat. Unit	Scale (metres)	Lithology	Sampling interval	Facies	WP No.	Samples	Contacts	Description
Late Pliocene	Mangapanian	10-20			S ₅ /MX ₁				Slightly to moderately cemented shellhash-rich calcareous sandstone with few intact macrofossils visible
	Mangaheia Group				MX ₁	WP 162			
	Te Waka Formation					WP 161			Strongly burowed, slightly to highly fossiliferous shellhash-rich sandstone. Many shallow-water faunas are present including <i>Zethalia ?coronata</i> (dominant in a highly fossiliferous shellbed), <i>Fellaster</i> , <i>Dosinia</i> sp. and other fragmented bivalves.
					S ₃				

mud | silt | sand | gravel

 fine med coarse | fine med. | coarse granu. pebb. cobb. bould.

↓ Page 1



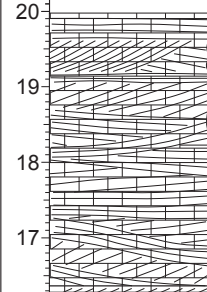
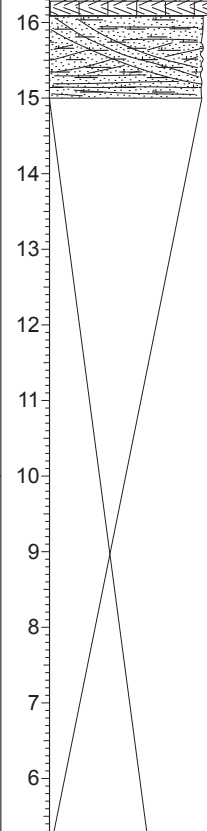
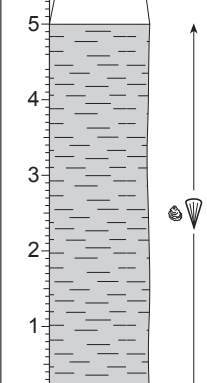
Age	Strat. Unit	Lithology	Sampling interval	Facies	WP No.	Samples	Contacts	Description										
Int.	N.Z.																	
				S ₄ Cg ₆ Z ₁ S ₄ S ₉ Cg ₆ Cg ₁ S ₁				<p>Non cemented sandy siltstone.</p> <p>Slightly to highly fossiliferous greywacke conglomerate. Most of the bed is slightly to moderately fossiliferous, with 0.2 m thick highly fossiliferous beds at the interfaces between sandstone and conglomerate facies. <i>Ostrea chilensis</i> dominates the faunal content, with <i>Purpurocardia purpurata</i>, <i>Caryocorbula</i> sp. and <i>Lutraria</i> sp. also present. Some <i>Ostrea</i> valves were found to be encrusted with barnacles.</p> <p>Blue-grey, non cemented, slightly weathered sandy siltstone.</p> <p>Moderately fossiliferous silty sandstone grading upward into slightly fossiliferous silty sandstone with rare scattered greywacke pebbles.</p> <p>Non fossiliferous greywacke conglomerate bed passing upsection into a highly fossiliferous greywacke conglomerate. Metre-scale relief is present on the lower boundary of this unit.</p> <p>Tan, non cemented, clean, well sorted fine to medium siliciclastic sandstone. Base of the sandstone is not exposed.</p>										
		<table border="1" style="font-size: 8px;"> <tr><td>fine</td></tr> <tr><td>coarse</td></tr> <tr><td>med.</td></tr> <tr><td>fine</td></tr> <tr><td>med.</td></tr> <tr><td>coarse</td></tr> <tr><td>granu.</td></tr> <tr><td>pebb.</td></tr> <tr><td>cobb.</td></tr> <tr><td>bould.</td></tr> </table>	fine	coarse	med.	fine	med.	coarse	granu.	pebb.	cobb.	bould.						210
fine																		
coarse																		
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bould.																		

Stratigraphic Column No: 96	Grid Reference: Top	Bottom	NZMS 260 V20 96 2 of 3
GPS Waypoint No(s): Wp 222-230	E: 2834045	2833813	
Region: Glengarry	N: 6189871	6192389	
Location: Matches farm above Glengarry Road and near "The Gums"	Altitude: 319 m	308 m	
NZMS 260 Sheet: V20 Esk, V21 Napier	Page 2 of 2	Author: K. Bland	

Age	Strat. Unit		Scale (metres)	Lithology	Sampling interval	Facies	WP No.	Samples	Contacts	Description					
	Int.	N.Z.													
Early Pleistocene	Upper Nukumaruan	Mangaheia Group								<p>Moderately cemented, strongly cross-bedded pebbly limestone with abundant biomoulds of <i>Paphies australis</i>, with some <i>Ostrea</i> valves. Moderate to high-angle, moderate to large-scale tabular and trough cross-beds. Slightly less pebbly than underlying layers, clasts to 70 mm across, and typically present along the top of foresets.</p>					
											Puketautahi Lst. Mbr			WP 229	<p>Moderately cemented, orange-brown to grey very pebbly shelly limestone, dominated almost entirely by stacked disarticulated valves of <i>Paphies australis</i>. Rare valves of <i>Ostrea chilensis</i> and <i>Lutraria solida</i> are present. Bed comprises 30-50% greywacke granules to cobbles, spheroidal to oblate shaped clasts. Some sandstone lenses to 0.2 m thick are present, comprising shellhash and greywacke granules in a coarse sand matrix.</p>
											Kaiwaka Formation			WP 228	



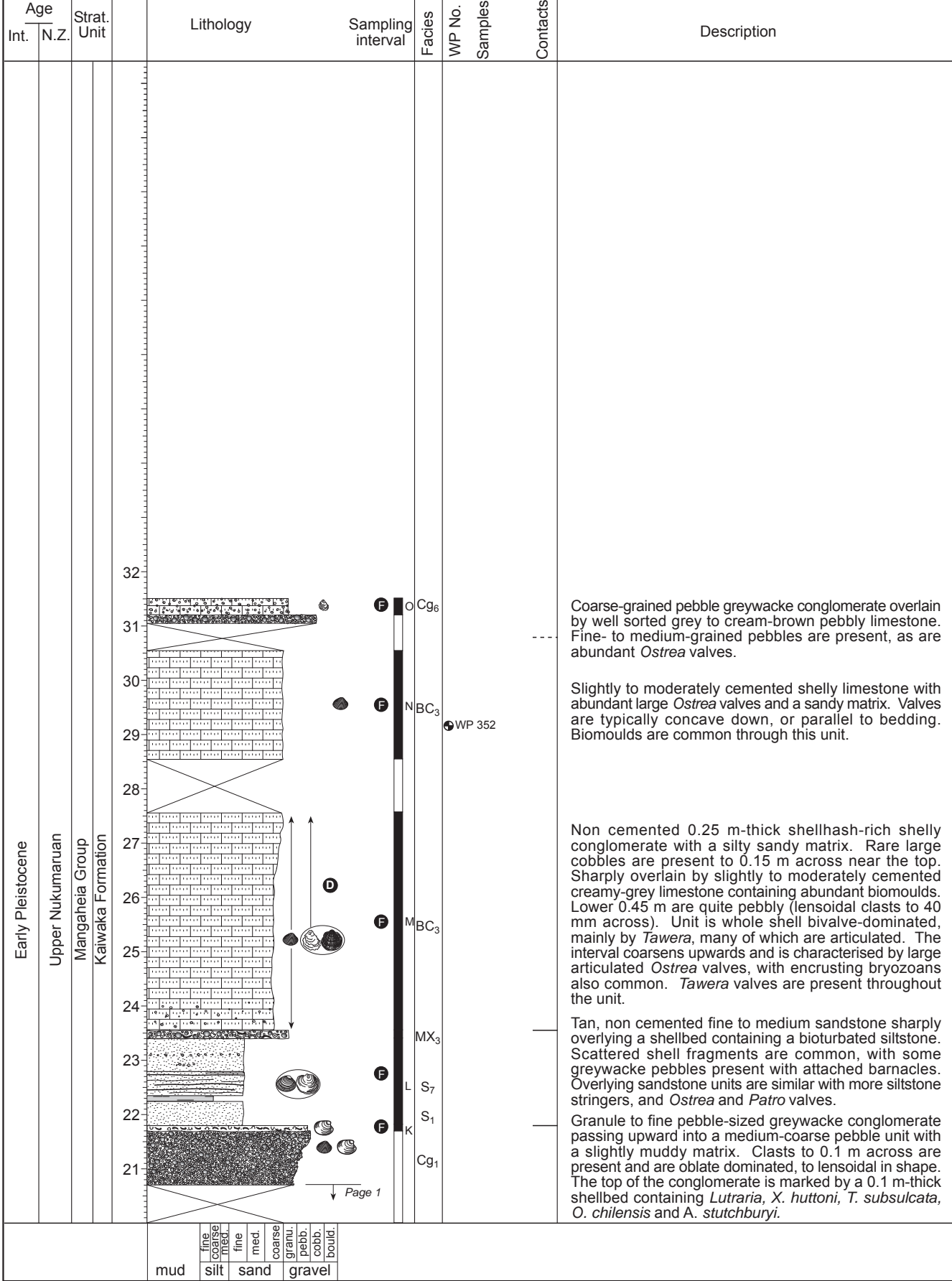
Stratigraphic Column No: 97	Grid Reference: Top	Bottom	NZMS 260 V20 97 1 of 1
GPS Waypoint No(s): Wp 222 and 226	E: 2833813	2833980	
Region: Glengarry	N: 6192389	6192389	
Location: Awanui Farm off Glengarry Road, cuttings in farm track and hillsides	Altitude: 308m	278m	
NZMS 260 Sheet: V20 Esk		Page 1 of 1	Author: K. Bland

Age Int.	N.Z.	Strat. Unit	Scale (metres)	Lithology	Sampling interval	Facies	WP No.	Samples	Contacts	Description		
Early Pleistocene		Waipatiki Limestone Member	20			BC ₇	WP 222			Moderate to large-scale tabular to trough cross-bedded medium to coarse-grained shelly sandy limestone approximately 4 m thick. Some coarser grained shellhash layers <0.1 m thick are present in middle and upper parts of the unit. Many foresets are continuous over several metres. This upper unit is underlain by a bi-directionally cross-bedded, medium to coarse-grained sandy limestone.		
			15							Non to slightly cemented strongly laminated to cross-bedded (tabular and trough) medium to coarse calcareous sandstone. Water escape structures are common throughout the bed.		
Late Pliocene	Upper Nukumaruan	Mangaheia Group/Petane Formation	14			S ₅ /MX ₁						
			5									
		Te Ngaru Mudstone Member	1			Z ₂	WP 226			Blue-grey, moderately fossiliferous slightly cemented intensely bioturbated siltstone. Occasional scattered shells are present throughout, with shells commonly in thin (<0.5 m thick) bands. Fauna contains <i>Ostrea</i> , <i>Talochlamys</i> , <i>Atrina</i> , <i>Pellicaria</i> sp., <i>Maoriomactra</i> ? and other disarticulated concave-down thin-shelled bivalves and shellhash.		
			<div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-around; font-size: small;"> mud fine to coarse silt fine med. sand coarse granu. pebb. cobb. bound. gravel </div>									

Stratigraphic Column No: 98	Grid Reference: Top Bottom	NZMS 260 V20 98 1 of 3
GPS Waypoint No(s): Wp 351-352	E: 2836612 2836660	
Region: Eskdale	N: 6191521 6191555	
Location: Quarry in forest above Hedgely Station	Altitude: 283m 243m	
NZMS 260 Sheet: V20 Esk	Page 1 of 2	Author: K. Bland

Age	Strat. Unit	Lithology	Sampling interval	Facies	WP No.	Samples	Contacts	Description	
									Int.
Early Pleistocene	Upper Nukumaruan Mangaheia Group Kaiwaka Formation	21							
		20		Cg ₆					
		19		Cg ₂				Laminated sandstone as below, with abundant siltstone stringers to 0.3 m thick, averaging 0.05-0.1 m. This unit passes upward into a more laminated and cross-bedded unit, with sharp-based conglomerate stringers (generally 0.15-0.3 m thick) and pebbles on cross-bed foresets. Valves of <i>Patro undatus</i> are present in this pebbly zone. Above this conglomerate beds become more poorly-sorted before passing into a massive pebble to cobble greywacke conglomerate bed with clasts up to 0.2 m across (rare). This unit displays a coarsening upwards trend throughout.	
		18		S ₉					
		17							
		16		S ₇					
		15		S ₉				Well sorted, non cemented fine to medium sandstone with common thin greywacke pebble bands and specimens of <i>Sigapetella novaezelandiae</i> and <i>Dosinia (subrosea?)</i> .	
		14							
		13		Cg ₆				Fine-grained greywacke conglomerate bed with a muddy matrix. sharply overlying sandstone pebbly sandstone bed. Parallel bedded to low-angle, moderate-scale trough cross-bedded.	
		12		S ₉				Very well sorted greywacke conglomerate bed containing common siltstone lenses and stringers. Rapidly overlain by well sorted, fine to medium sandstone with common pebble lenses and stringers, and <i>P. australis</i> valves.	
		11		Cg ₆					
		10		Cg ₄				Finely laminated siltstone containing valves of <i>Patro undatus</i> . Sharply overlies underlying conglomerate bed.	
		9							
		8		S ₉				Well sorted, laminated granule to fine pebble slightly shelly greywacke conglomerate bed. Overlain by slightly shelly non cemented greywacke conglomerate with large-scale, moderate angle cross-bedding.	
		7		S ₃				Moderately cemented sandy siltstone containing abundant well rounded coarse sand to medium pebble-sized greywacke clasts. Overlain by poorly cemented rock fragment-dominated olive-brown, highly fossiliferous fine to medium sandstone. Faunal content is dominated by <i>P. australis</i> , <i>T. subsulcata</i> , <i>X. huttoni</i> and <i>S. novaezelandiae</i> . In turn overlain by granule to fine pebble-sized greywacke conglomerate bed. Common <i>Sigapetella novaezelandiae</i> and <i>P. australis</i> .	
		6		MX ₃				Moderately cemented pebbly limestone containing well sorted, well-rounded fine pebble-sized greywacke clasts. Abundant <i>P. australis</i> , with <i>T. subsulcata</i> and shell hash. Overlain by non cemented laminated moderately fossiliferous greywacke conglomerate, well-rounded granule to coarse pebble-sized clasts averaging 20 mm across. Macrofauna are <i>P. australis</i> dominated.	
		5							
		4						Non cemented shelly greywacke conglomerate containing well rounded, well sorted oblate to lensoidal clasts averaging 5-10 mm across, rarely to 40 mm across. Shell hash dominated, with common intact <i>P. australis</i> , <i>T. subsulcata</i> and <i>Cominella</i> sp.	
		3		BC ₃				Well cemented, hard, recrystallised orange-brown sandy limestone with abundant biomoulds. The unit coarsens up through the section into a more shelly limestone. This bed is sharply overlain by a 0.2 m thick moderately cemented highly pebbly sandstone. Clasts are moderately sorted and well rounded.	
		2							
		1		BC ₃			WP 351	Moderately cemented, case hardened, orange-brown, fine-grained sandy limestone dominated by shelly sandstone. Massive to weakly laminated with visible reprecipitated calcite.	
		mud	fine coarse med	silt	fine med	sand	coarse granu. pebb. cobb.	gravel	boloid.

Stratigraphic Column No: 98	Grid Reference: Top	Bottom	NZMS 260 V20 98 2 of 3
GPS Waypoint No(s): Wp 351-352	E: 2836612	2836660	
Region: Eskdale	N: 6191521	6191555	
Location: Quarry in forest above Hedgely Station	Altitude: 283m	243m	
NZMS 260 Sheet: V20 Esk	Page 2 of 2	Author: K. Bland	



A- Very pebbly sandstone dominated by shellhash with some intact *Paphies australis*, *Tawera subsulcata*, *Cominella* sp., and *?Dositia*.

B- Pebbly limestone containing abundant *Paphies australis*, with *Tawera subsulcata* and shellhash.

C- Moderately fossiliferous greywacke conglomerate containing *Paphies australis*, *Sigapetella novaezelandiae*, *Amalda* sp., *Tucetona laticostata*, *Tawera subsulcata* and gastropoda spp.

D- Highly fossiliferous fine to medium sandstone with common *Paphies australis*, *Tawera subsulcata*, *Sigapetella novaezelandiae* and some *Xenostrobus huttoni*, *Tucetona laticostata* and *Dositia subrosea*.

E- Fine-grained greywacke conglomerate containing common *Sigapetella novaezelandiae* and some *Paphies australis*.

F- Fine to medium sandstone containing common *Sigapetella novaezelandiae*, with some *Crepidula radiata* and *Maorimactra* sp.?

G- Strongly laminated siltstone containing valves of *Patro undatus*.

H- Siliciclastic-dominated sandstone with a high calcareous fraction containing common *Paphies australis*.

I- Fine to medium sandstone with *Sigapetella novaezelandiae* and *Dositia* sp.

J- Laminated to cross-bedded sandstone with common siltstone and conglomerate stringers containing valves of *Patro undatus*.

K- 0.1 m-thick shellbed capping greywacke conglomerate bed. *Lutraria solida*, *Xenostrobus huttoni*, *Tawera subsulcata*, *Ostrea chilensis* and *Austrovenus stutchburyi* are present in this shellbed.

L- Fine to medium sandstone with common siltstone and greywacke pebble stringers. Articulated and disarticulated *Patro undatus* and *Ostrea chilensis* are present, as are common intact barnacles, some of which are attached to greywacke pebbles and oyster valves. Rare *Paphies australis* are also present, and the upper part of this unit is shellhash dominated.

M- Biomouldic, whole bivalve shell-dominated limestone. *Tawera subsulcata*, some of which may be articulated, dominates the faunal content. Upper parts of the unit contain common, very large articulated and disarticulated *Ostrea chilensis*. Encrusting bryozoans are also present.

N- Whole-shell dominated limestone, biomould rich, with abundant large *Ostrea chilensis* valves that are both disarticulated and articulated.

O- Well cemented pebbly limestone containing abundant *Ostrea chilensis* valves.

NZMS 260 V20

98



3 of 3

